Please delete the paragraph beginning on page 27 (lines 17-37) and concluding on page 28 (lines 1-9) and replace with the following paragraph:

--Another example of an algorithm that is suitable for determining percent sequence identity and sequence similarity is the BLAST algorithm, which is described Altschul, et al. (1990) J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410. Software for performing BLAST analyses is publicly available through the National Center for Biotechnology Information on the world wide web at "ncbi.nlm.nih.gov." This algorithm involves first identifying high scoring sequence pairs (HSPs) by identifying short words of length W in the query sequence, which either match or satisfy some positive-valued threshold score T when aligned with a word of the same length in a database sequence. T is referred to as the neighborhood word score threshold (Altschul, et al., supra). These initial neighborhood word hits act as seeds for initiating searches to find longer HSPs containing them. The word hits are then extended in both directions along each sequence for as far as the cumulative alignment score can be increased. Extension of the word hits in each direction are halted when: the cumulative alignment score falls off by the quantity X from its maximum achieved value; the cumulative score goes to zero or below, due to the accumulation of one or more negative-scoring residue alignments; or the end of either sequence is reached. The BLAST algorithm parameters W, T, and X determine the sensitivity and speed of the alignment. The BLAST program uses as defaults a wordlength (W) of 11, the BLOSUM62 scoring matrix (see Henikoff and Henikoff (1989) Proc. Nat'l Acad. Sci. USA 89:10915) alignments (B) of 50, expectation (E) of 10, M=5, N=4, and a comparison of both strands.--

Please delete the paragraph on page 70 (lines 22-27) and replace with the following paragraph:

 $\mathcal{P}_{\Sigma}$ 

--The cellular forms of receptors for ligands can be tested with the various ligands and receptor subunits provided, e.g., IL-10 related sequences. In particular, multiple cytokine receptor like ligands have been identified, see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,989,867 issued to Knappe, et al., which are incorporated herein by reference.--